

**REFLECTIONS ON ADVANCING  
HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS  
THROUGH SUSTAINABILITY TOWARDS  
ACHIEVING A SUSTAINABLE CAMPUS:  
THE CASE OF HIGHER COLLEGES  
OF TECHNOLOGY,  
AL AIN CAMPUSES, UAE**

**DR ANJI BENHAMED**

*Business faculty  
Higher Colleges of Technology, UAE  
Email: abenhamed@hct.ac.ae*

**DR MAEN ODEH**

*Assistant Professor, General Studies  
Higher Colleges of Technology, UAE  
Email: modeh1@hct.ac.ae*

**ABSTRACT**

**PURPOSE:** This article explores the transformative role of higher education institutions in promoting sustainability and advancing Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) within the evolving global landscape.

**DESIGN/METHODOLOGY/APPROACH:** Employing qualitative methods, including thematic analysis, semi-structured interviews and Fuzzy Cognitive Mapping, the study investigates sustainability practices at Higher Colleges of Technology (HCT) in the UAE, focusing on their Al Ain campuses (HCT-AAC).

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**FINDINGS:** The study identifies and synthesises best practices at HCT-AAC, highlighting interactive and innovative initiatives aimed at achieving a sustainable campus status and fostering a sustainability-focused culture aligned with SDGs.

**ORIGINALITY/VALUE OF THE PAPER:** This research contributes to the literature by providing insights into effective strategies and practical approaches for integrating sustainability into higher education institutions. It emphasises the unique contributions of HCT-AAC as a case study, offering valuable lessons for other institutions seeking to enhance their sustainability efforts.

**RESEARCH LIMITATIONS/IMPLICATIONS:** The study's scope is limited to a specific higher education institution and may not fully capture the diversity of practices across different institutional contexts. Future research could explore comparative studies across multiple institutions to broaden insights into sustainability practices.

**PRACTICAL IMPLICATIONS:** The findings suggest actionable steps for higher education leaders and policy-makers to enhance sustainability initiatives, foster interdisciplinary collaboration and promote community engagement. These insights are crucial for institutions aiming to drive positive environmental and societal impacts through sustainable practices.

**KEYWORDS:** *Sustainable Campus; Fuzzy Cognitive Mapping; Sustainable Higher Education Institutions; Sustainable Development Initiatives; SDGs Achievement*

## INTRODUCTION

With rapid technological advancements and pressing social and environmental challenges, the role of HEIs has become more critical than ever. This research paper uncovers the pivotal role these institutions play in driving strategic transformations towards sustainability and advancing the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). By examining the principles and applications of sustainability in higher education institutions, this study offers insights into how HEIs can adapt, innovate and catalyse positive change to support sustainability.

Traditionally, higher education institutions (HEIs) have been at the forefront of societal progress, primarily tasked with imparting knowledge and preparing students for professional careers. However, in recent years, the expectations placed on these institutions have expanded significantly to encompass a broader range of societal responsibilities. Today, HEIs are not merely centres of learning but also crucial players in addressing global challenges, particularly those related to sustainability and the SDGs. With their extensive resources, expertise and influence, HEIs are uniquely positioned to contribute significantly to the achievement of these goals and become an integral part of its culture and mission.

This research focuses on the strategies utilised by the Higher Colleges of Technology (HCT) to promote environmental responsibility and sustainability practices. The main objective is to highlight the sustainability initiatives at HCT's Al Ain campuses (AAC), supporting the institution in its journey towards achieving sustainable campus status. The study explores the comprehensive integration process of sustainability into the institution's

operations and culture, examining the specific strategies implemented, the challenges faced and the measurable outcomes of these initiatives within the context of HCT Al Ain campuses.

## LITERATURE REVIEW

### The Strategic Role of Higher Education Institutions in Sustainability

The role of higher education institutions in sustainability has evolved significantly over the past few decades. Traditionally focused on education and research, these institutions are now recognised as vital agents of change, capable of driving sustainable development both locally and globally. Higher education institutions contribute to sustainability through education, research, community engagement and institutional practices.

Educating future leaders and professionals about sustainability is fundamental for fostering a culture of environmental responsibility. This educational role equips graduates with the knowledge and skills needed to address sustainability challenges effectively (Bautista-Puig and Sanz-Casado, 2021).

Research conducted by higher education institutions is pivotal in developing innovative solutions to complex sustainability issues. The dissemination of research findings through academic publications, conferences and collaborations with industry and government further amplifies their impact (Leal Filho *et al.*, 2018).

Community engagement is another critical aspect of higher education institutions' role in sustainability. By partnering with local communities, businesses and governments, universities can implement sustainability initiatives that directly impact their communities. This engagement benefits the community, provides students with practical experience and enhances the university's reputation as a leader in sustainability (Howarth *et al.*, 2023).

In terms of institutional practices, higher education institutions model sustainability through their operations. This includes implementing energy-efficient technologies, reducing waste and promoting sustainable practices. By adopting green practices, universities can reduce their ecological footprint and demonstrate their commitment to sustainability (Findler *et al.*, 2019).

Overall, higher education institutions play a strategic role in promoting sustainability, driving innovation and fostering community engagement. Their multifaceted contributions are essential in advancing SDGs and addressing global sustainability challenges.

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## Integrating Sustainable Development Goals into Higher Education

The United Nations' Agenda 2030 for Sustainable Development provides a comprehensive framework for addressing global challenges. Higher education institutions are uniquely positioned to support these goals through their multifaceted societal roles. Integrating SDGs into higher education necessitates a strategic approach encompassing curriculum development, interdisciplinary research and the use of the campus as a living laboratory for sustainability practices (Warr Pedersen *et al.*, 2017).

Integrating SDGs into higher education typically begins with curriculum development. This process involves embedding SDG-related content across various disciplines, ensuring that all students understand global sustainability issues, regardless of their field of study. Specialised courses and programmes focused on sustainability can equip students with the knowledge and skills necessary to contribute to achieving SDGs in their future careers (Laurett *et al.*, 2022).

Promoting interdisciplinary research is another crucial area for addressing the complex and interconnected nature of SDGs. Collaboration across different fields of study can lead to innovative solutions that tackle multiple objectives simultaneously. For instance, research that integrates environmental science, economics and social sciences can develop comprehensive strategies for sustainable development (Verhoef *et al.*, 2019).

Additionally, using the campus as a living laboratory involves implementing sustainability initiatives and utilising them as real-world examples for teaching and research. This approach enables students to observe and participate in sustainability practices first hand. Examples include energy-efficient buildings, waste reduction programmes and sustainable landscaping. By showcasing these initiatives, universities can inspire students and staff to adopt sustainable practices in their own lives (Vaughter *et al.*, 2016).

## Methods and Outcomes of Sustainability Initiatives in Higher Education Institutions

Research on sustainability initiatives in higher education institutions reveals a spectrum of approaches aimed at reducing ecological footprints, enhancing social equity and promoting economic sustainability. These initiatives encompass green campus projects, sustainable resource management, and robust community and stakeholder engagement (Sanches *et al.*, 2021).

Green Campus Initiatives play a pivotal role in minimising environmental impacts through the adoption of energy-efficient technologies, waste reduction programmes and

sustainable transportation options. For instance, universities installing solar panels and LED lighting not only reduce carbon emissions but also demonstrate a commitment to sustainable practices; these are reinforced by encouraging cycling and carpooling among students and staff (Blake and Sterling, 2011). These efforts not only decrease energy consumption but also foster a culture of sustainability on campus.

Sustainable Resource Management complements green campus initiatives by emphasising resource conservation and waste reduction. Technologies such as low-flow fixtures and rainwater harvesting systems contribute to water conservation efforts, while the integration of renewable energy sources further reduces environmental impact. Additionally, promoting locally sourced and sustainable food options in campus dining facilities supports both environmental sustainability and community health, illustrating the interconnectedness of environmental and social impacts (Berchin *et al.*, 2018).

Community and Stakeholder Engagement are integral components that amplify the impact of sustainability initiatives beyond campus borders. Collaborating with local organisations, businesses and government agencies ensures that sustainability projects benefit not only the institution but also the surrounding community. Involving stakeholders in the planning and implementation phases fosters a sense of ownership and support, enhancing the effectiveness and sustainability of these initiatives (Farinha *et al.*, 2019).

Assessing the outcomes of sustainability initiatives is essential for continual improvement and impact measurement. Environmental impact assessments, focusing on metrics such as energy use and greenhouse gas emissions reductions, provide data-driven insights into the effectiveness of green campus and resource management efforts. Social impact assessments gauge improvements in community engagement and equity, reflecting the broader benefits of sustainable practices (Leal Filho *et al.*, 2019). Economic assessments examine cost savings derived from efficiency improvements and sustainable resource utilisation, reinforcing the business case for sustainability (Cebrián *et al.*, 2013).

## Challenges and Barriers

Despite progress, higher education institutions face significant challenges in fully integrating sustainability and achieving SDGs, spanning institutional, financial, cultural and operational aspects. Institutional barriers include inconsistent leadership commitment and siloed university structures, hindering cohesive and interdisciplinary efforts (Farinha *et al.*, 2019). Financial constraints and misconceptions about the costs versus benefits of sustainability initiatives further limit project scope and deter investment. Demonstrating long-term cost savings and broader benefits is essential to secure necessary funding and support (Farinha *et al.*, 2019). Cultural barriers such as resistance to change and insufficient awareness among faculty, staff and students impede progress,

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necessitating robust education and awareness campaigns to foster a shared commitment to sustainability (Koehn and Uitto, 2017). Operational complexities in implementing and measuring sustainability programmes also present challenges, requiring significant co-ordination and transparent reporting to track progress and demonstrate effectiveness (Montenegro de Lima *et al.*, 2020).

## Sustainable Campus: Higher Colleges of Technology (HCT) - AI Ain Campuses as a Case

To showcase the practical application of sustainability principles, this research focuses on the strategies and initiatives implemented by the Higher Colleges of Technology (HCT) in the UAE, specifically in AI Ain campuses. HCT has undertaken a variety of initiatives aimed at fostering environmental responsibility and sustainability on campus.

## METHODOLOGY

This research employs a qualitative approach to develop a comprehensive model summarising best practices at the Higher Colleges of Technology (HCT) for achieving sustainable campus status. The approach includes thematic analysis to examine the strategies and initiatives implemented at HCT's AI Ain campuses (AAC) to promote sustainability. Additionally, a participatory Fuzzy Cognitive Mapping (FCM) method (Kosko, 1986) is utilised to reflect on the decisions, practices, motives and challenges of key stakeholders at HCT-AAC in their pursuit of sustainability. To collect qualitative data for the FCM, face-to-face semi-structured individual interviews were conducted. This data collection technique fostered trust between the researcher and interviewees, encouraging them to share their opinions, attitudes and perceptions regarding sustainability initiatives and practices. Individual interviews were conducted with key stakeholders at HCT-AAC. Fuzzy Cognitive Mapping (FCM) is developed using the Mental Modeler software.

## Thematic Analysis of the Interview on Sustainability at HCT AI Ain Campuses

Thematic analysis of interviews with key stakeholders at HCT-AI Ain campuses regarding sustainability has been conducted, revealing six core themes: (1) Holistic Understanding of Sustainability in Higher Education Institutions (HEIs), (2) Infrastructure and Operational Initiatives, (3) Stakeholder Engagement and Awareness, (4) Monitoring



and Evaluation of Sustainability Strategies and Practices, (5) Challenges and Mitigation Strategies, and (6) Future Plans and Strategic Orientation towards Achieving Sustainable Campus.

### 1. Holistic Understanding of Sustainability in Higher Education Institutions (HEIs):

According to the participants' interviews, sustainability is perceived as an integrated process encompassing environmental, social and economic dimensions. It involves the continuity of efforts and their subsequent impacts on society and key stakeholders. As part of this theme, interviewees emphasised the necessity to "sustain employees", "sustain student knowledge", and ensure "the continuity of improving the institution's impact on the community". Additionally, there is a strong focus on minimising resource consumption and maintaining future resources, underscoring a comprehensive approach to sustainability.

**2. Infrastructure and Operational Initiatives:** Numerous sustainability practices at HCT Al Ain campuses focus on infrastructure and operational processes, aiming to reduce energy consumption, promote recycling and enhance overall resource efficiency. Notable initiatives include customising power consumption, developing infrastructure to minimise AC usage during hot seasons, and undertaking projects to upgrade the lighting system. Additionally, the installation of solar panels for parking areas, the implementation of an automated irrigation system, and the establishment of a comprehensive waste management system, enhanced by a smart building management system, demonstrate the institution's commitment to sustainable practices.

**3. Stakeholder Engagement and Awareness:** According to the interviewed participants, engagement and awareness activities are crucial for promoting sustainability. This involves educating students, faculty and staff about sustainable practices and encouraging their active participation in sustainability initiatives. Participants highlighted various efforts, such as workshops for staff and students, competitions designed to raise awareness about electronic waste, and recycling and dedicated sustainability training for staff. Additionally, sustainability principles are integrated into courses and curriculum design, as well as extracurricular activities. These efforts collectively demonstrate a comprehensive approach to embedding sustainability within the educational framework, fostering a culture of environmental responsibility across the institution.

**4. Monitoring and Evaluation of Sustainability Strategies and Practices:** Monitoring and evaluation constitute crucial components in the pursuit of sustainability goals. Systematic processes are employed to meticulously track progress and measure the impact of initiatives. During the interview, the interviewee underscored several

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key practices that contribute to this effort: monthly monitoring of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs), utilisation of an advanced tracking system to monitor all initiatives and practices, and regular audits of energy usage. These practices not only facilitate ongoing assessment but also serve as catalysts for continuous improvement in sustainability endeavours. By systematically evaluating performance and outcomes, the institution can adapt strategies effectively and optimise its contributions to sustainable development.

5. **Challenges and Mitigation Strategies:** According to participants, several challenges impede the implementation of sustainability initiatives, including the increasing student population, lack of awareness, financial constraints and infrastructural limitations. The challenges identified encompass “the growing number of students”, “financial constraints”, “infrastructure challenges related to building requirements and specifications”, “cultural challenges”, and “lack of awareness among students and staff”. To effectively address these challenges, a range of mitigation strategies has been proposed. Key solutions include “prioritising projects” to ensure the most impactful initiatives receive attention and resources, “maximising the usage of available resources” to enhance efficiency, “continuous maintenance of facilities” to ensure sustainability infrastructure remains functional, and “increasing awareness sessions to educate the community” on sustainability practices. By implementing these strategies, the institution aims to overcome obstacles and advance its sustainability goals, ensuring a resilient and informed community committed to sustainable development.
6. **Future Plans and Strategic Orientation:** HCT-AAC has outlined ambitious future plans to advance its sustainability agenda, focusing on strategic research, enhanced industry partnerships and the further integration of sustainability practices across all levels. Key components of these future plans include a “strategic orientation towards research”, aimed at fostering innovative solutions and advancing knowledge in sustainability. HCT also intends to engage in “more collaboration with external organisations”, leveraging partnerships to enhance its impact and resource base. Additionally, the institution plans to “hire experienced professionals” to bolster its sustainability practices, ensuring that initiatives are guided by expertise and best practices. Technological advancements will play a crucial role, with plans for the “full automation of buildings to save energy” and “optimising resource use through smart technologies”. The vision of a “smart campus that respects sustainability across all levels” encapsulates the institution’s commitment to creating an environmentally friendly and efficient learning environment. By pursuing these strategic initiatives, the institution aims to



reinforce its role as a leader in sustainability and drive meaningful progress in its sustainability goals.

To support the thematic analysis, a participatory Fuzzy Cognitive Mapping (FCM) exercise was conducted. This approach has facilitated the development of a comprehensive model for a sustainable framework specific to HCT Al Ain campuses.

## Participatory Fuzzy Cognitive Mapping (FCM)

To explore sustainability best practices at HCT-AAC, we used a participatory Fuzzy Cognitive Mapping (FCM) method (Kosko, 1986), capturing HEIs' decisions and motives toward sustainability (Mehryar *et al.*, 2019). FCM analyses cause-effect relationships between variables through a three-level process involving node categorisation, variable specification and directed edge indication. Initially, individuals explain the context and influencing factors, then organise concepts hierarchically to establish nodes and edges. This process prioritises certain concepts and aggregates variables (Eden, 1988; Benhamed and Yaseen, 2019). Individual mental models are developed, and in the final FCM stage, these are aggregated into a standardised model (see Figure 1). Semi-structured interviews with key HCT-AAC stakeholders provided qualitative data. Participants discussed various variables, their impacts and causal weights, using the Mental Modeler system to assign influence values. This approach facilitated a nuanced understanding of sustainability factors, enhancing the development of effective sustainability strategies at HCT Al Ain campuses.

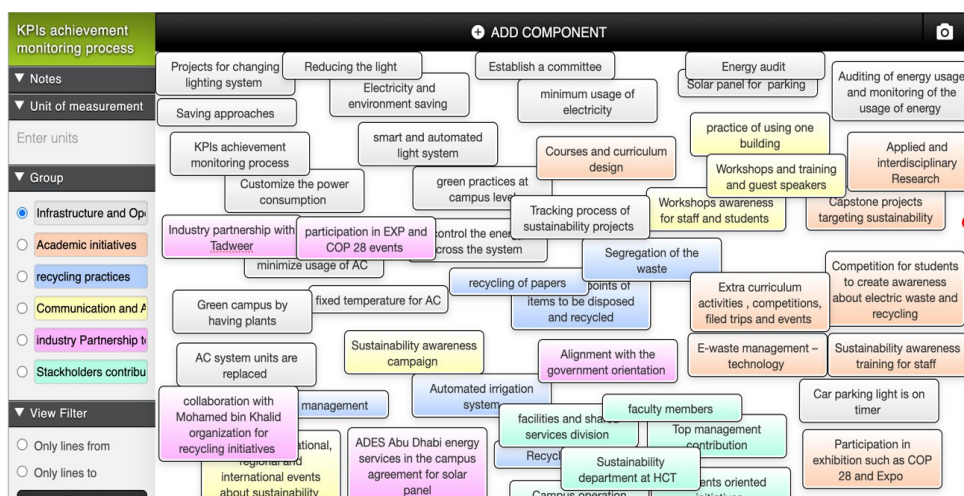


Figure 1 Fuzzy Cognitive Mapping (FCM) model

Source: Developed by the authors

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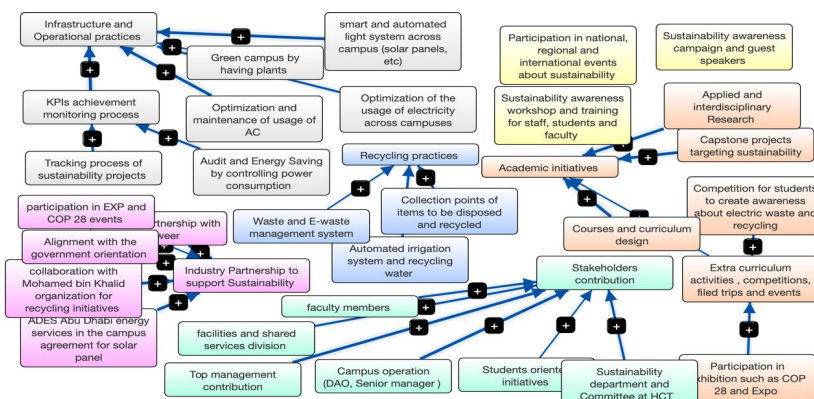


For instance, terms such as “energy audit”, “auditing of energy saving” and “control the energy across the system” were consolidated into a single node labelled “Audit and Energy Saving”. Initially, participants identified 50 variables that reflect the institution’s practices and initiatives aimed at achieving a sustainable campus. These variables were subsequently aggregated and reduced into 30 broader nodes; these were then categorised into 6 main constructs for further examination of their relationship to the achievement of campus sustainability objectives. The resulting categories are: “Infrastructure and Operational Practices”, “Academic Initiatives”, “Recycling Practices”, “Communication and Awareness Initiatives”, “Industry Partnerships to Support Sustainability”, and “Stakeholders’ Contribution” (see Figure 2). These categories provide a structured framework for analysing how various practices and initiatives contribute to the overall achievement of the sustainability goals of the institution.



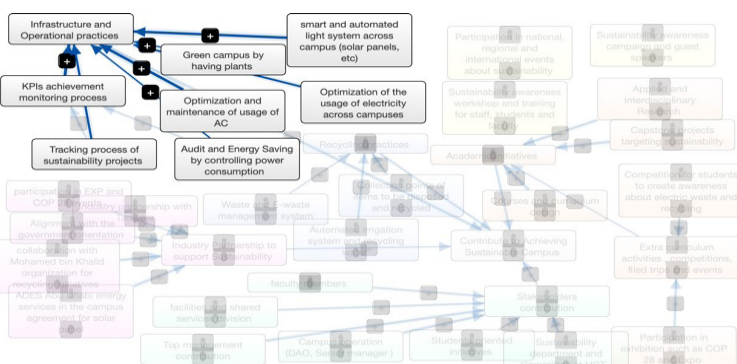
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An analysis of the mental models and their associated variables and nodes revealed that interviewees frequently cited “infrastructure and operational practices” as the primary contributors to reinforcing sustainability on campus. In contrast, the variable “communication and awareness initiatives” was often overlooked, highlighting a significant gap in this aspect of the sustainability framework. The connections established in the participatory Fuzzy Cognitive Maps (FCMs) indicate causal relationships between the achievement of campus sustainability status and the six categories of sustainability practices and initiatives (see Figure 3). These categories, including infrastructure and operational practices (see Figure 4), industry partnerships to support sustainability and stakeholders’ contributions (see Figures 5 and 6), academic initiatives (see Figure 7), communication and awareness initiatives (see Figure 8), and recycling practices (see Figure 9), collectively influence the institution’s progress towards its sustainability goals.



**Figure 3** Participatory Fuzzy Cognitive Maps (FCMs)

Source: Developed by the authors



**Figure 4** Infrastructure and operational practices: variables aggregation model

Source: Developed by the authors

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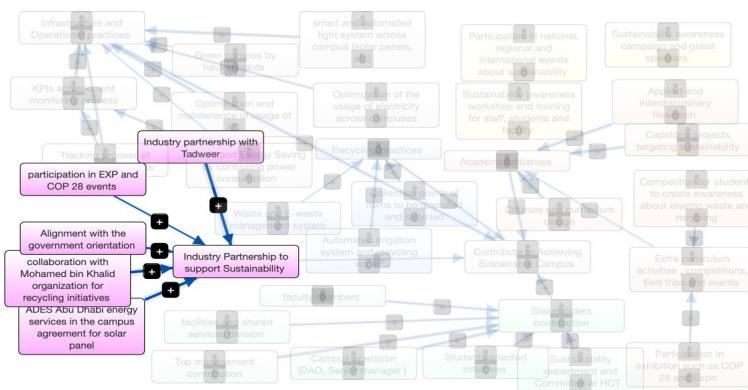


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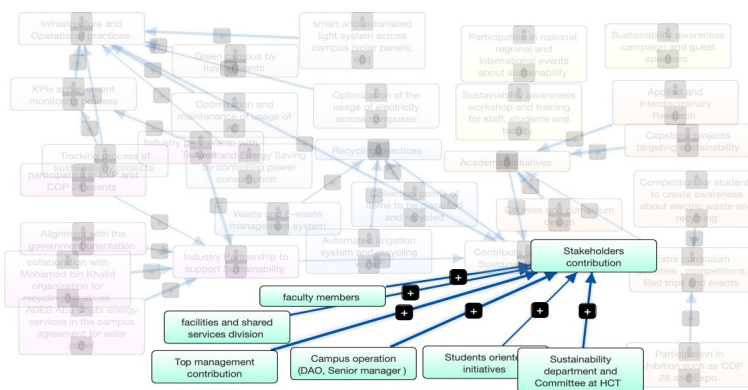


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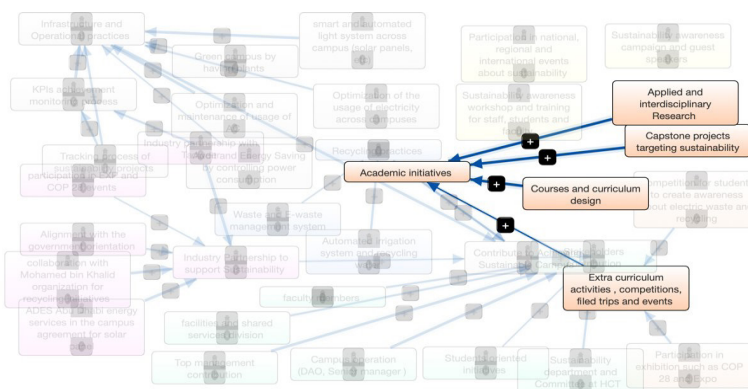




*Source:* Developed by the authors

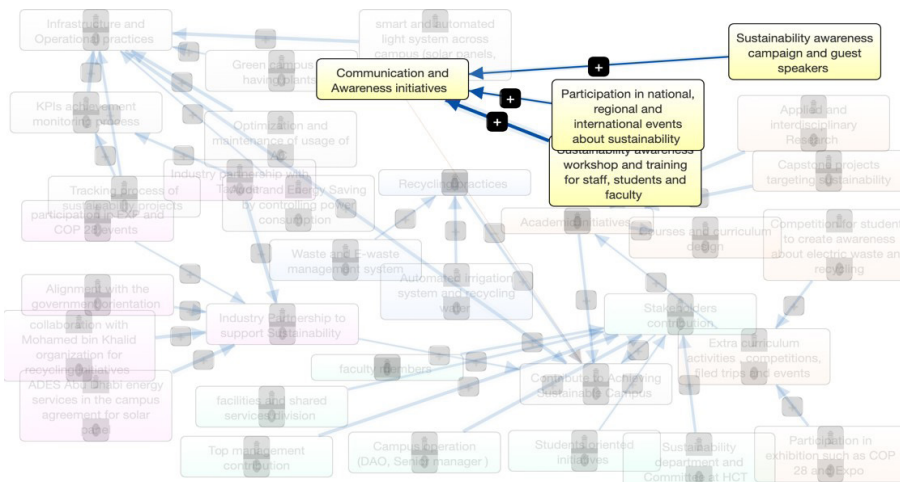


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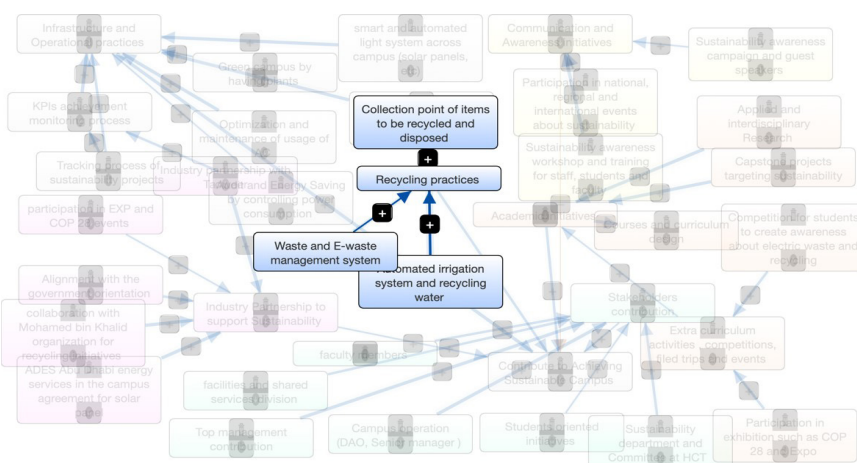
Source: Developed by the authors





**Figure 8** Communication and awareness initiatives: variables aggregation model

Source: Developed by the authors



**Figure 9** Recycling practices: variables aggregation model

Source: Developed by the authors

The Mental Modeler system classified the six categories variables as “driver”, “receiver” and “ordinary”, based on their centrality scores (see Table 1).

After ranking the variables according to their centrality scores, it was found that the “Infrastructure and Operational Practices” variable was the most frequently cited and shared among participants, boasting a centrality score of 5.87. This variable exhibited the strongest interactions, indicating its pivotal role in campus sustainability.

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Other key categories with high interaction scores and rankings included “Stakeholders’ Contribution”, “Industry Partnerships to Support Sustainability”, “Academic Initiatives” and “Recycling Practices”. Notably, “Stakeholders’ Contribution” and “Industry Partnerships to Support Sustainability” had similarly high scores, while “Academic Initiatives” slightly outperformed both. Inversely, “Communication and Awareness Initiatives” had the lowest centrality score, highlighting its relatively minor contribution to achieving sustainable campus status. This underscores a critical gap in the current sustainability efforts, indicating the need for enhanced focus on communication and awareness to better support the institution’s overall sustainability objectives. Moreover, the dominance of “Infrastructure and Operational Practices” over other variables within the aggregated Fuzzy Cognitive Map (FCM) underscores the diverse range of practices and projects aimed at fostering sustainability on campus. This highlights the critical importance of robust infrastructure and effective operational practices in achieving sustainability objectives at HCT-AAC (see Table 1 and Figure 10).

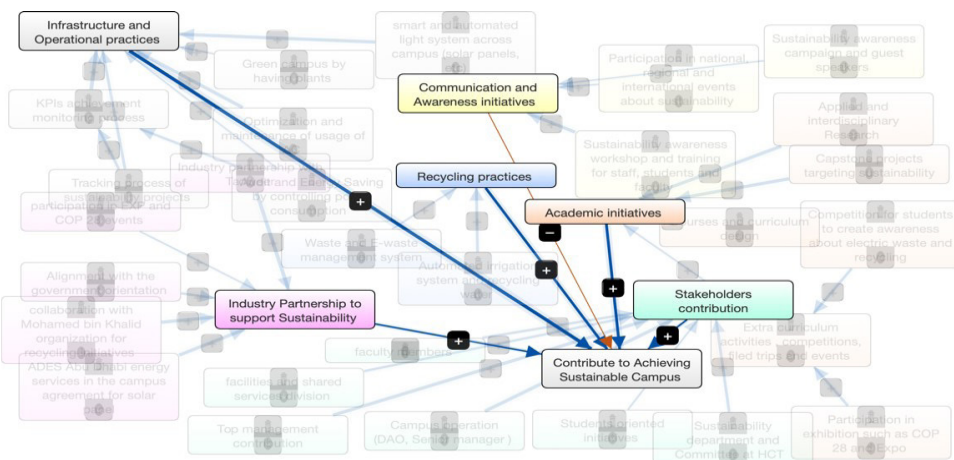
**Table 1** “Mental Modeler” centrality classification system<sup>1</sup>

<i>Variables</i>	<i>Centrality Scores for FCM Variables</i>	
	<i>Centrality Score</i>	<i>Type of Variable</i>
Infrastructure and operational practices	5.87	Ordinary
Stakeholders’ contribution	4.69	Ordinary
Industry partnership to support sustainability	4.61	Ordinary
Academic initiatives	3.65	Ordinary
Recycling practices	2.28	Ordinary
KPIs achievement monitoring process	2.19	Ordinary
Communication and awareness initiatives	1.85	Ordinary
Extra curriculum activities, competitions, field trips and events	1.75	Ordinary
Audit and energy saving by controlling power consumption	1.1	Driver
Tracking process of sustainability projects	1.08	Driver
<i>Contribute to Achieving Sustainable Campus</i>	3.04	Receiver

Source: Developed by the authors

<sup>1</sup> The table shows the centrality scores of the FCM variables. Centrality score is the sum of the indegree and outdegree for each variable and is an index of its connectedness to other variables within the map. The categories included represent the top 10 variables as mentioned by the stakeholder groups.





**Figure 10** Subset of FCM illustrating sustainability practices categories for achieving a sustainable campus

Source: Developed by the authors

Viewed as an aggregated map, the model produced six clusters of variables representing the most central categories across all groups' models. These central categories are "infrastructure and operational practices", "academic initiatives", "recycling practices", "communication and awareness initiatives", "industry partnerships to support sustainability" and "stakeholders' contributions". Participants' recognition of these categories appears to be primarily driven by numerous direct and indirect linkages to various subset variables. Among these subset variables, "KPI Achievement and Monitoring" and "Tracking Process of Sustainability Projects" are notably dominant, indicating their crucial role in the overarching sustainability framework.

## Developing a Comprehensive Model for Sustainability at HCT-AAC

Based on the insights gathered through thematic analysis and Fuzzy Cognitive Mapping, a comprehensive model can be developed to capture best practices at Higher Colleges of Technology (HCT) for achieving a sustainable campus. This model underscores the institution's commitment to interactive, innovative and action-oriented initiatives aimed at promoting sustainability and fostering a culture aligned with sustainable development goals (see Figure 11).

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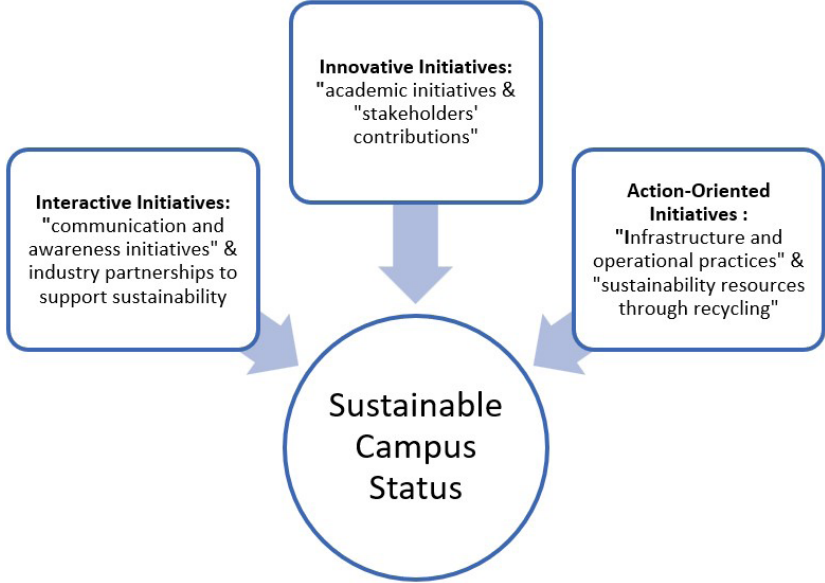


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**Figure 11** Comprehensive model for sustainability at HCT-AAC

Source: Developed by the authors

**Interactive Initiatives:** HCT aims to raise awareness and engage students, staff and the broader community in sustainability efforts through various interactive initiatives:

- Awareness Sessions: Organising workshops and seminars on sustainability topics to raise awareness and promote sustainable practices.
- Community Partnerships: Collaborating with local organisations and businesses such as Tadwer and ADES to implement sustainability projects and initiatives, thereby fostering a community-wide commitment to sustainability.

**Innovative Initiatives:** HCT leverages new technologies and creative approaches to address sustainability challenges, including:

- Smart Campus Technologies: Implementing advanced technologies, such as waste management and energy management systems, to optimise resource use and minimise the environmental impact of campus operations.
- Academic Initiatives: Designing curricula and offering courses that support sustainability, ensuring students acquire the knowledge and skills necessary for sustainable practices.
- Research and Development: Supporting applied research projects that explore innovative solutions to sustainability challenges and foster the development of green technologies.

**Action-Oriented Initiatives:** HCT takes concrete steps to implement sustainable practices and achieve measurable outcomes through:

- **Energy Conservation Programmes:** Introducing measures such as energy-efficient lighting and solar panel systems to reduce energy consumption and optimise resources.
- **Recycling Projects:** Establishing comprehensive waste management systems for both general and technological waste, ensuring effective recycling and waste reduction.

## Managerial Recommendations

This research identifies several best practices that higher education institutions (HEIs) can adopt to advance sustainability and effectively contribute to sustainable development goals. These practices are pivotal for enhancing institutional sustainability efforts across various domains.

Leadership and governance emerge as crucial factors in promoting sustainability within HEIs. Strong leadership is essential for integrating sustainability into the institution's strategic vision and daily operations. Establishing dedicated committees or offices to oversee sustainability initiatives fosters cross-departmental co-ordination and ensures accountability (Lozano *et al.*, 2013).

Curriculum integration and research are equally pivotal in promoting sustainability. Embedding sustainability across all disciplines ensures that students acquire a comprehensive understanding of sustainability issues. Moreover, allocating funds specifically for sustainability research promotes innovation and interdisciplinary collaboration among faculty and students (Mader *et al.*, 2013).

Community engagement and partnerships with local organisations, businesses and government agencies are fundamental to the success of sustainability initiatives. Collaborating with stakeholders during both planning and implementation phases ensures initiatives are relevant and enjoy broad support. Community engagement also provides students with practical experience and enhances the institution's reputation as a sustainability leader (Mazutti *et al.*, 2020).

Furthermore, implementing a transparent system for measuring, monitoring and reporting sustainability outcomes is critical for tracking progress and demonstrating impact. HEIs should develop robust metrics to assess environmental, social and economic impacts of sustainability initiatives. Regular reporting of these metrics not only builds support for sustainability efforts but also identifies areas for continual improvement (Parvez and Agrawal, 2019).

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## CONCLUSIONS

In conclusion, higher education institutions are pivotal in promoting sustainability and advancing the implementation of sustainable development goals. By adopting a comprehensive approach that integrates environmental stewardship, social responsibility and economic growth, these institutions can drive positive change and contribute significantly to a more sustainable future. The case study of the HCT-AAC illustrates how interactive, innovative and action-oriented initiatives can effectively foster sustainability and cultivate a culture aligned with sustainable development goals. As higher education institutions continue to navigate the evolving education landscape, their commitment to sustainability will be essential in addressing the global challenges of the 21<sup>st</sup> century. By embedding sustainability into their core operations and educational frameworks, these institutions not only prepare future leaders but also set a standard for other sectors to follow, underscoring their critical role in shaping a sustainable and resilient global community.

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17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS







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## BIOGRAPHY



**Dr Anji Benhamed** holds a PhD from the University of Paris 13, Sorbonne, Paris City, specialising in Strategic Management and Entrepreneurship. She is currently the Business Division Chair (DC) at the Higher College of Technology (HCT) in Al Ain, UAE. With over 18 years of experience in teaching, research, mentoring and consulting across various countries, Dr Anji's contributions extend beyond the academic realm. She is a certified professional Coach-Trainer in Entrepreneurship and Leadership, endorsed by the (UNIDO) and the Center for International Private Enterprise (CIPE), (WDI) at Michigan University, USA. She has played a pivotal role as a mentor and coach for start-ups, collaborating with esteemed business accelerators in the MENA region. Additionally, Dr Anji has served as an external consultant for several companies in the MENA region and internationally.



**Dr Maen Odeh** earned his PhD in Theoretical and Mathematical Physics from Eastern Mediterranean University. He currently serves as the Dean of Academic Operations at the Higher Colleges of Technology (HCT) in the United Arab Emirates. With over 15 years of experience in academic leadership and management, Dr Maen plays a pivotal role in overseeing all aspects of academic operations at the HCT-Al Ain campuses. These campuses serve more than 2,500 students, supported by over 140 faculty members and 40 academic staff. Dr Maen is dedicated to enhancing the educational experience and fostering an environment of excellence and innovation in higher education.

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